# Interview Skills

## Behavioral Interview Pointers

| Behavioral interview questions | The premise behind behavioral interviewing is that past behavior is an excellent indicator of future behavior. Examples of behavioral interview questions are:  
  - “Tell me about when you demonstrated your initiative.”  
  - “Describe a time when you contributed effectively to a team effort.” |
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<td>Prepare behavioral examples</td>
<td>Behavioral interview questions ask you to describe experiences you have had that demonstrate your abilities. Offer specific examples, describing the situation you faced and the actions you took. Feel free to use any examples from work, school, groups or activities in which you participate, family or relationships with friends. Think about strong examples ahead of time. It may be helpful to write them down and bring with you as reminders during the interview. It will help if you reflect on the specific competencies or key selection criteria stated for the position.</td>
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<td>Focus on questions</td>
<td>During the interview, when asked a question, pause to think about the main point of the question. Then think about what the main point of your response will be. This will help you to give a focused answer and reduce the potential for an unfocused, rambling response.</td>
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| Tell your story | When asked to provide a specific example from your past, it may be helpful to consider the “SHARE” acronym:  
  - **Situation:** Select a specific situation/circumstance/example to share.  
  - **Hindrance:** If you faced any barriers or hindrances, what were they?  
  - **Actions:** What steps did you take to resolve the situation or solve a problem?  
  - **Results:** What was the final outcome?  
  - **Evaluation:** What would you do the same or differently? What did you learn from this?  
  During the interview, the assessors will ask follow-up questions to gather more details about the situation, seek clarification, or better understand your experiences and abilities. |
# Interview Tips

## Prepare for the interview
To prepare for the interview:
- Produce a one-page traditional resume on light paper.
- Produce a scannable resume.
- Check grammar and spelling on resumes and all correspondence.
- Think about your career goals.
- Research the employer.
- Analyze the position description.
- Relate your strengths and weaknesses to the requirements.

## Show your professionalism
To show your professionalism:
- Dress professionally; avoid perfume/cologne.
- Be punctual, but not too early.
- Practice a firm handshake.
- Be alert, sit up straight and don’t fidget.
- Use appropriate eye contact.
- Save your questions to the end, and respect the schedule.
- Send a thank-you note the same day.

## Demonstrate your qualifications
To demonstrate your qualifications:
- Smile.
- Relax and be yourself.
- Speak distinctly.
- Be complete, but avoid rambling by focusing on the point of the question.
- Use specific examples.
- Emphasize the positives.
- Express your enthusiasm and interest.

## Things to avoid
Be positive at all times:
- Never speak poorly of a former professor, boss, company or teammate.
- Never pass blame. Share lessons you’ve learned.
- Answer a question about a weakness with an “opportunity for improvement” and tell how you are improving.
- Reserve questions about salary and benefits until the final step in the selection process.